NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD

BEDDING

(Acre) Code 310



DEFINITION

Plowing, blading, or otherwise elevating the surface of flat land into a series of broad, low ridges separated by shallow, parallel channels.

PURPOSE

This practice may be applied as part of a conservation management system to provide improved surface drainage at relatively low cost by establishing adjoining parallel beds on land running in the direction of the available natural slope. This is accomplished by moving soil toward the center of beds to form a series of ridges and dead furrows (troughs) that will minimize water ponding, provide gradients for removing runoff, permit efficient operation of tillage and harvesting equipment, or eliminate sources for mosquito production.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice applies to poorly drained soils of flat to nearly flat land usually having slowly permeable soils or high water table soils. It is generally applicable where land use does not warrant more intensive drainage. Soils must be of sufficient depth to provide a satisfactory root zone after bedding.

CRITERIA

Bedding shall slope in the direction of the available land slope so that drainage can be provided without causing harmful erosion.

Bedding is usually established without detailed engineering surveys. Beds shall be shaped and cross-row ditches provided where required to provide free movement of water from the crown to the dead furrow. Crowns shall provide a cross slope of not less than 0.3 percent.

Crown height, width, and maximum length of beds shall be determined on the basis of site conditions and shall meet the minimum requirements shown in Table 1.

Table 1 - Bedding Dimension Requirements

Crop	Min. Height ^{1/} (ft)	Max. Width ^{2/} (ft)	Max. Length ^{3/} (ft)
Pasture	1.0	120	1,320
Cultivated Crops	1.0	80	1,320
Forest	0.5	24	2,640
Citrus For surface drainage only	1.0	120	1,320
When needed to improve subsurface drainage)	2.5	60	1,320

Minimum difference in elevation between the bottom of the channels and top of the finished hed

Parallel channels may be shallow and side slopes steep or flat, based on the depth of the soil, crops grown, and local construction and

²/ Limiting horizontal distance between channels.

The maximum length of channels before emptying into a larger cross section. If channels bordering individual beds are designed to provide needed capacities in accordance with standards and specifications for Surface Drainage, Main or Lateral, Code 608, the maximum length shall not apply.

maintenance methods. Parallel channels shall be graded toward an outlet.

An outlet, natural or constructed, must have sufficient capacity and depth to provide for removal of water from the parallel channels.

CONSIDERATIONS

Effects on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration, evaporation, transpiration, deep percolation, and ground water recharge.

Potential for a change in rates of plant growth and transpiration because of changes in the volume of soil water.

Effects on downstream flows or aquifers that would affect other water uses or users.

Effects on the relation of the soil surface to the water table to ensure a suitable rooting depth for crops.

Effects on erosion and the movement of sediment and soluble and sediment-attached substances carried by runoff.

Effects on the use and management of nutrients and pesticides and their effect on surface and ground water quality.

Effects on the movement of dissolved substances below the root zone and to ground water.

Effects of water levels on soil processes such as nutrient use by the plant.

Effects on wetlands or water-related wildlife habitats.

Effects on the visual quality of downstream water.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Plans and specifications for bedding shall be in keeping with this standard and shall describe the essential requirements for properly applying the practice to achieve its intended purpose.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The beds shall be maintained to the planned height.

REFERENCES

Natural Resources Conservation Practice Standard, Surface Drainage Main or Lateral, Code 608